

# Getting to One Infant Mortality Screening & Referral Pilot Project

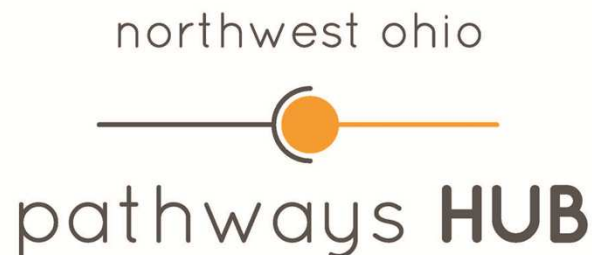
October 29, 2015

## Carly Miller, MPH

Assistant Director  
NW Ohio Pathways HUB  
Hospital Council of Northwest Ohio

## Kent Bishop, MD

President, Chief Medical Officer  
Women's Services, ProMedica



## Angela Brandt

Vice President, Operations  
ProMedica Physician Group



PROMEDICA



## Getting Started...



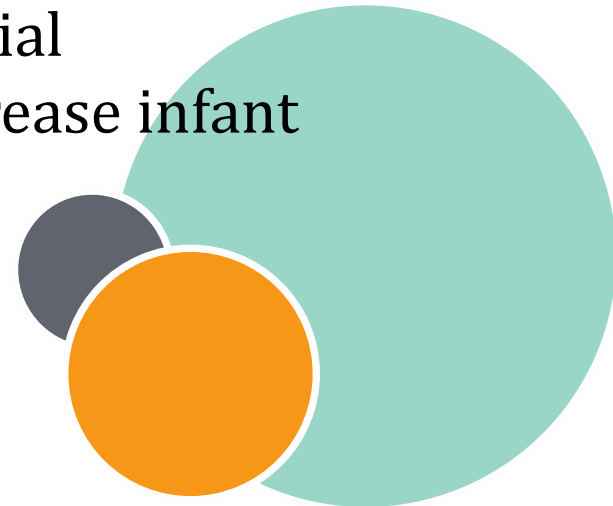
- When was it started?
- Why was it started?
- What was the goal?



## Partnerships with Community Organizations



- Co-Leads of Toledo-Lucas County Ohio Equity Institute presented to ProMedica Infant Mortality Task Force
- Identified social determinants of health as major preventable cause of infant mortality
- Discussions of how to identify and remove social determinants to improve birth outcomes/decrease infant deaths

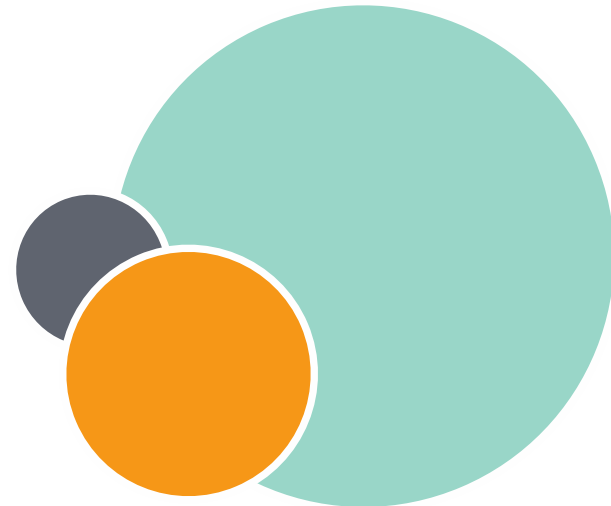


Toledo-Lucas County

# Getting to 1



In collaboration with Getting to One & the Northwest Ohio Pathways HUB, the ProMedica Infant Mortality Task Force created a screening process to identify women at greatest risk for a poor birth outcome and infant death as early as possible.



# Screening & Education

This screening tool is being used to identify *specific*, **social** risk factors that would cause a woman to have a poor birth outcome or cause an infant to die in their first year of life, including:

- Insurance status
- Access to Care (Food, housing, transportation, childcare, etc.)
- Safety & Emotional Health (tobacco, substance use, mental health)

Additionally, the assessment discusses important topics such as:

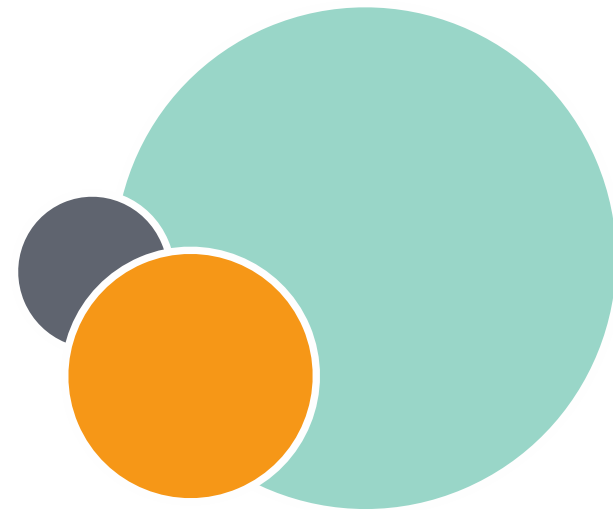
- Safe Sleep Education
- Birth Control/Safe Spacing
- Breastfeeding Benefits & Intention
- Progesterone



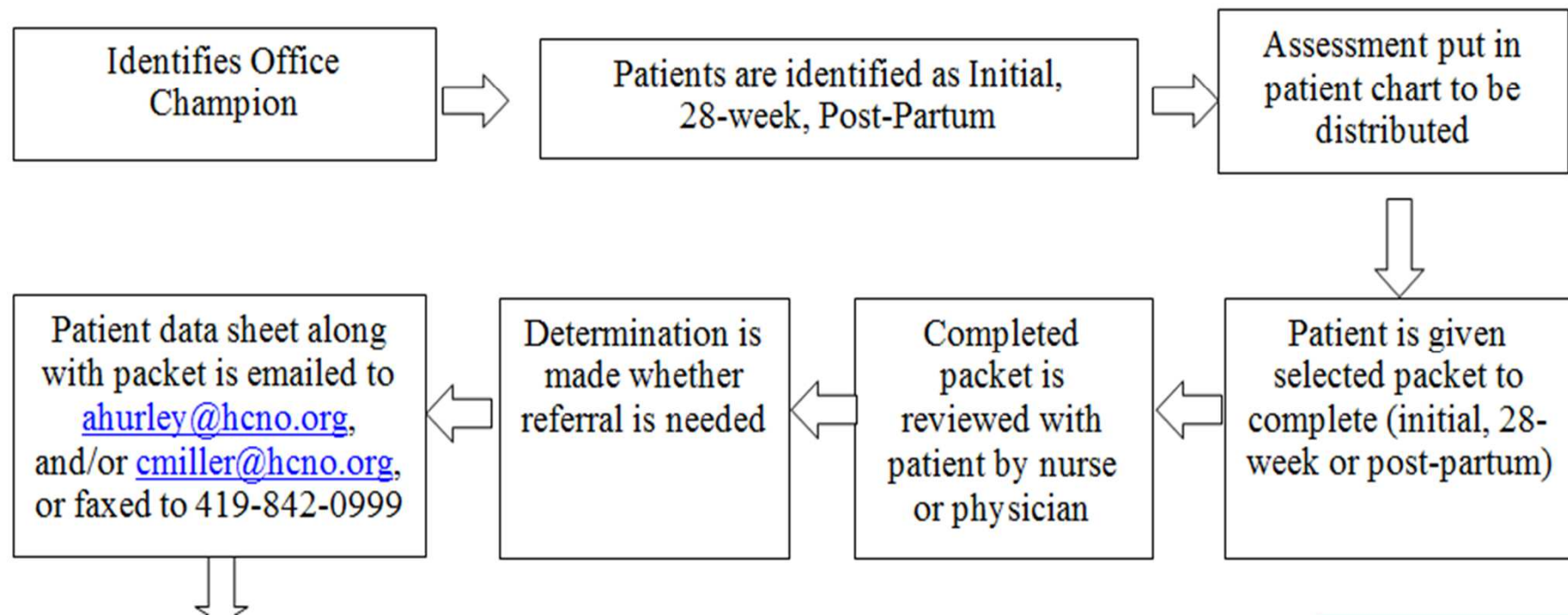
# Screening

The Pregnancy Lifestyle Assessment is currently being distributed to all pregnant patients throughout the ProMedica Toledo Metro Region at 3 stages in their pregnancy:

- 1) The Initial Visit
- 2) The 28 Week Visit
- 3) The Postpartum Visit



## Role of Referring Office



# Role of the Referring Office

## Follow Up (For Office Use Only):

Education Provided: ☐ Family Planning/LARC ☐ Tobacco Use ☐ Folic Acid ☐ Breastfeeding ☐ Safe Sleep ☐ Progesterone  
☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_

Referrals Recommended: ☐ Insurance ☐ Housing ☐ Transportation ☐ Childcare ☐ Food ☐ Medication Assistance  
☐ Tobacco Cessation ☐ Substance Use ☐ DV ☐ Mental Health ☐ Lactation Consultant  
☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_

**Provider Notes:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Distributed By:** \_\_\_\_\_

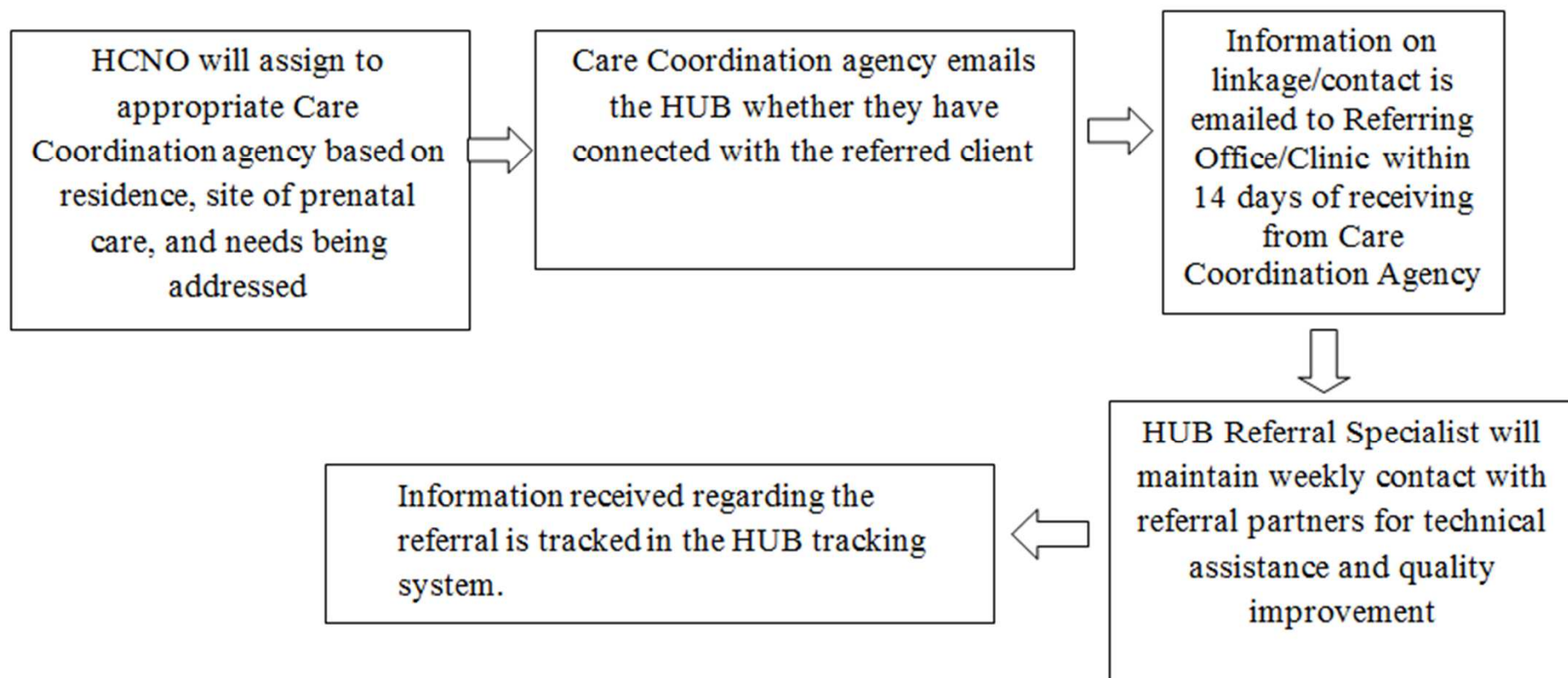
**Date:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Time:** \_\_\_\_\_





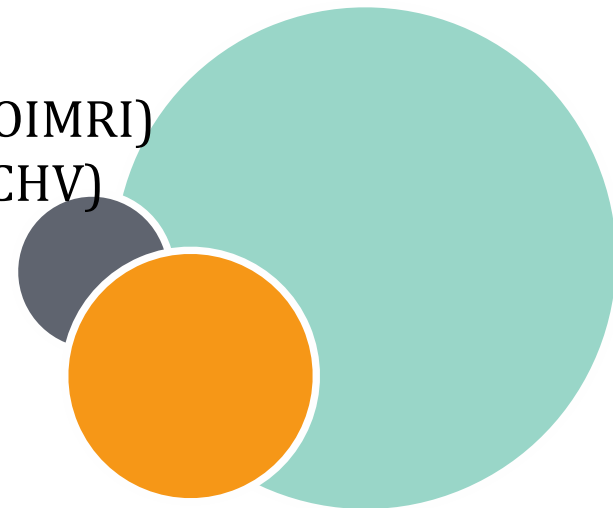
## Northwest Ohio Pathways HUB Role



# Referral

When a woman is identified as having risk factors requiring a referral to community resources, physician offices send a referral to the Northwest Ohio Pathways HUB, who will connect the client to the appropriate resource to remove the identified barrier to care, including home visitation programs:

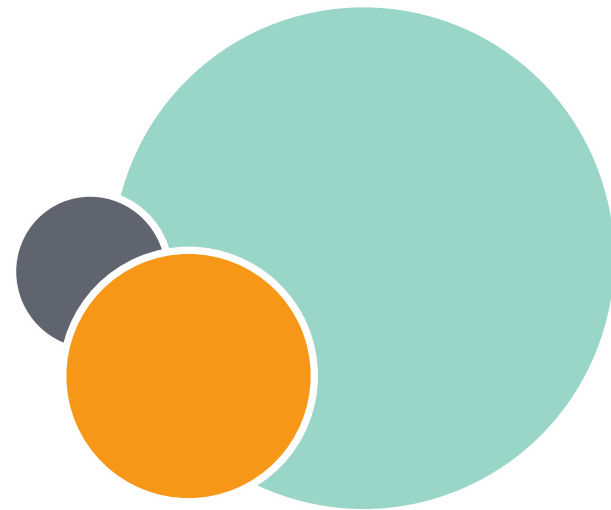
- Pathways
- Toledo-Lucas County Healthy Start
- Help Me Grow Home Visitation
- Early Head Start
- Neighborhood Health Association Perinatal Outreach (OIMRI)
- Maternal Infant Early Childhood Home Visitation (MIECHV)





# **Outcomes**

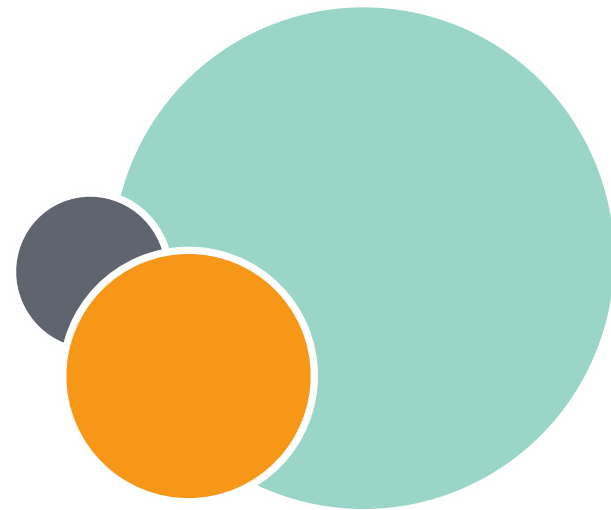
**April 1- September 30, 2015**





# Referrals

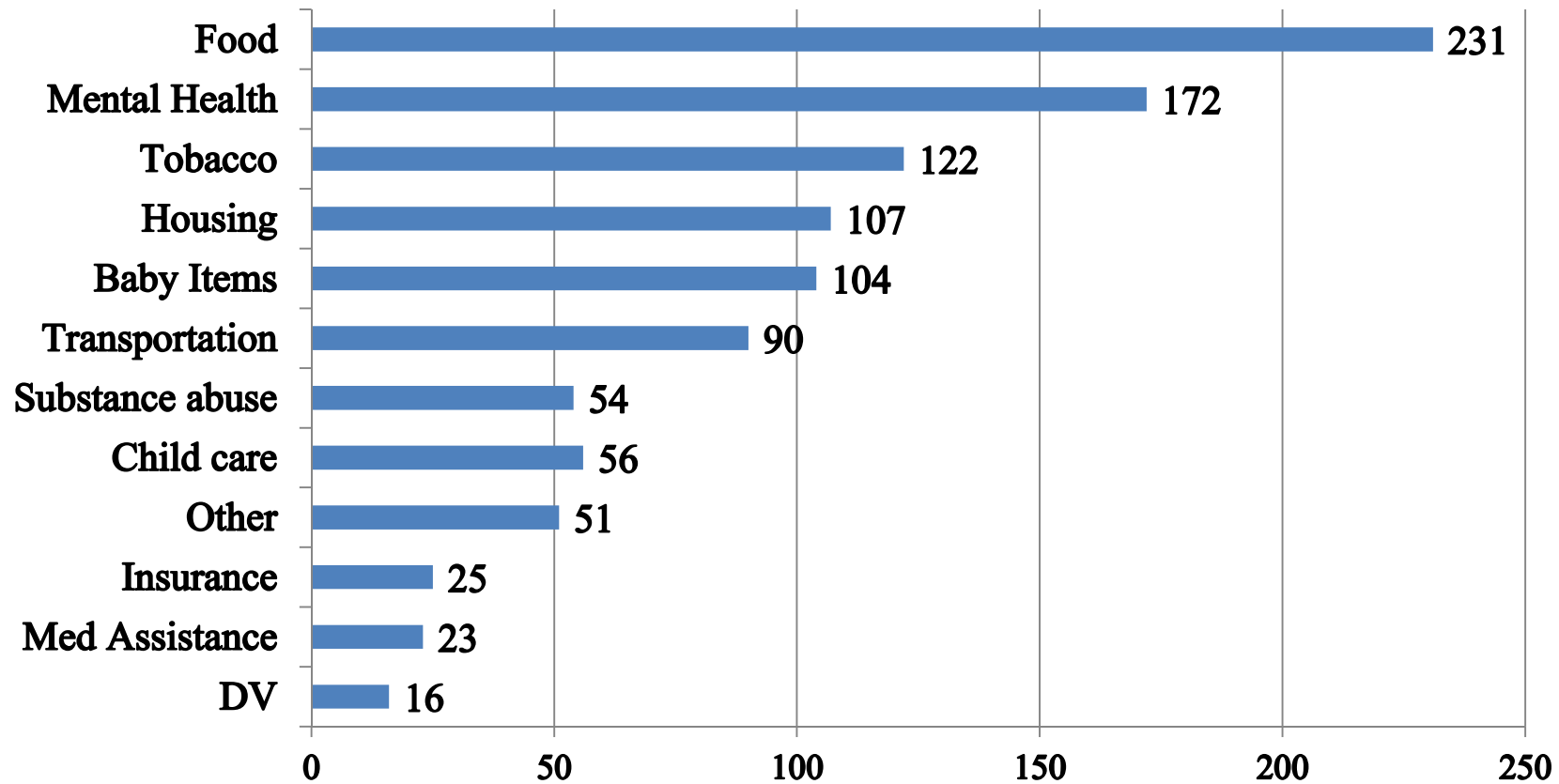
From April 1- September 30, 2015 approximately 1826 questionnaires were completed. Of the 1826, 330 (18%) were referred to the Pathways HUB.



# Identified Patient Needs

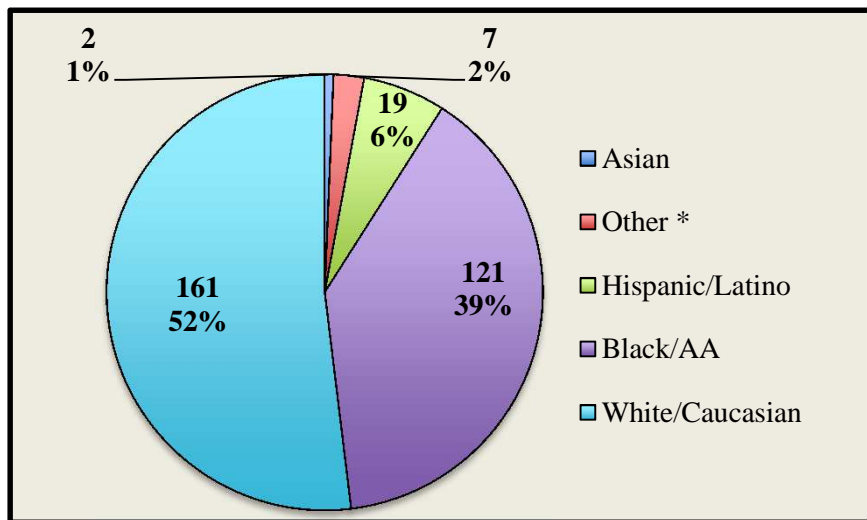
N= 330

## Top Reasons for Referral

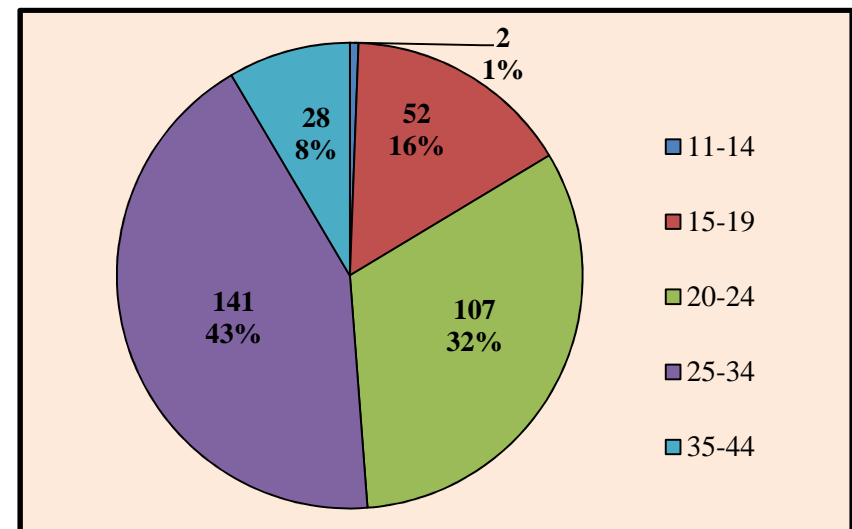


# Patient Demographics

Referrals by Race/Ethnicity

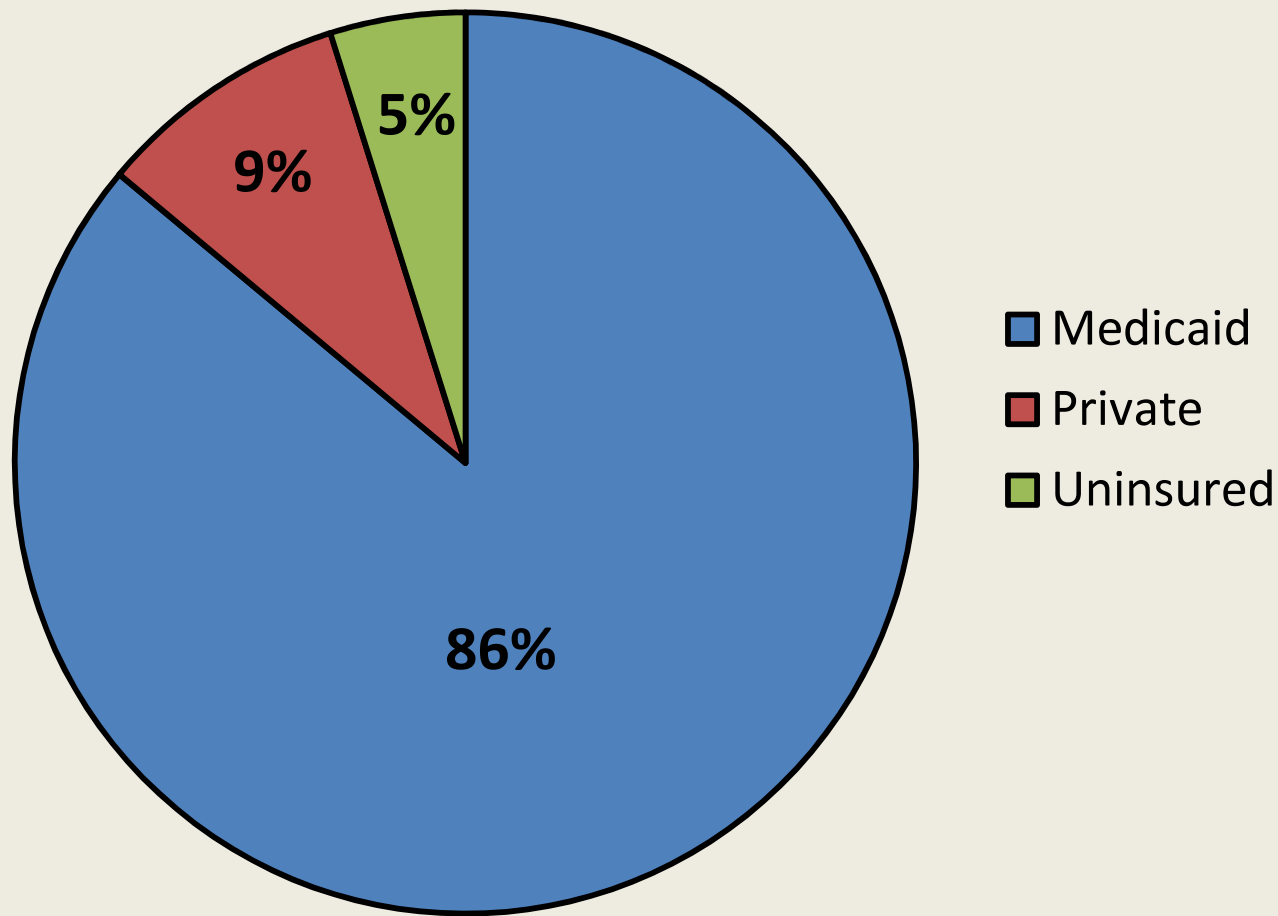


Referrals by Age of Mother

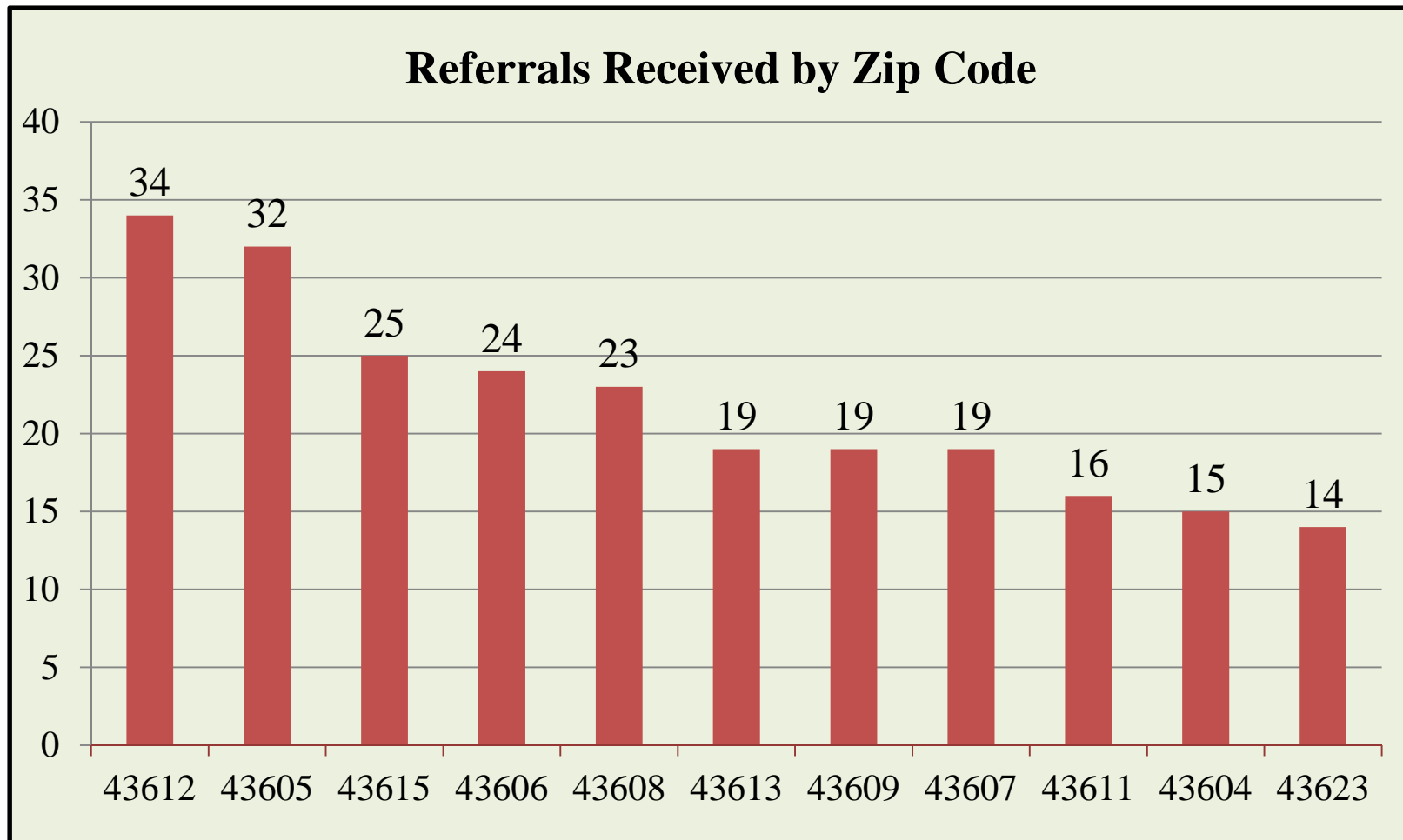


- The median age for referred clients was 25
- 52% of clients identified as Caucasian, 39% African American, 6% Hispanic

# Insurance Status



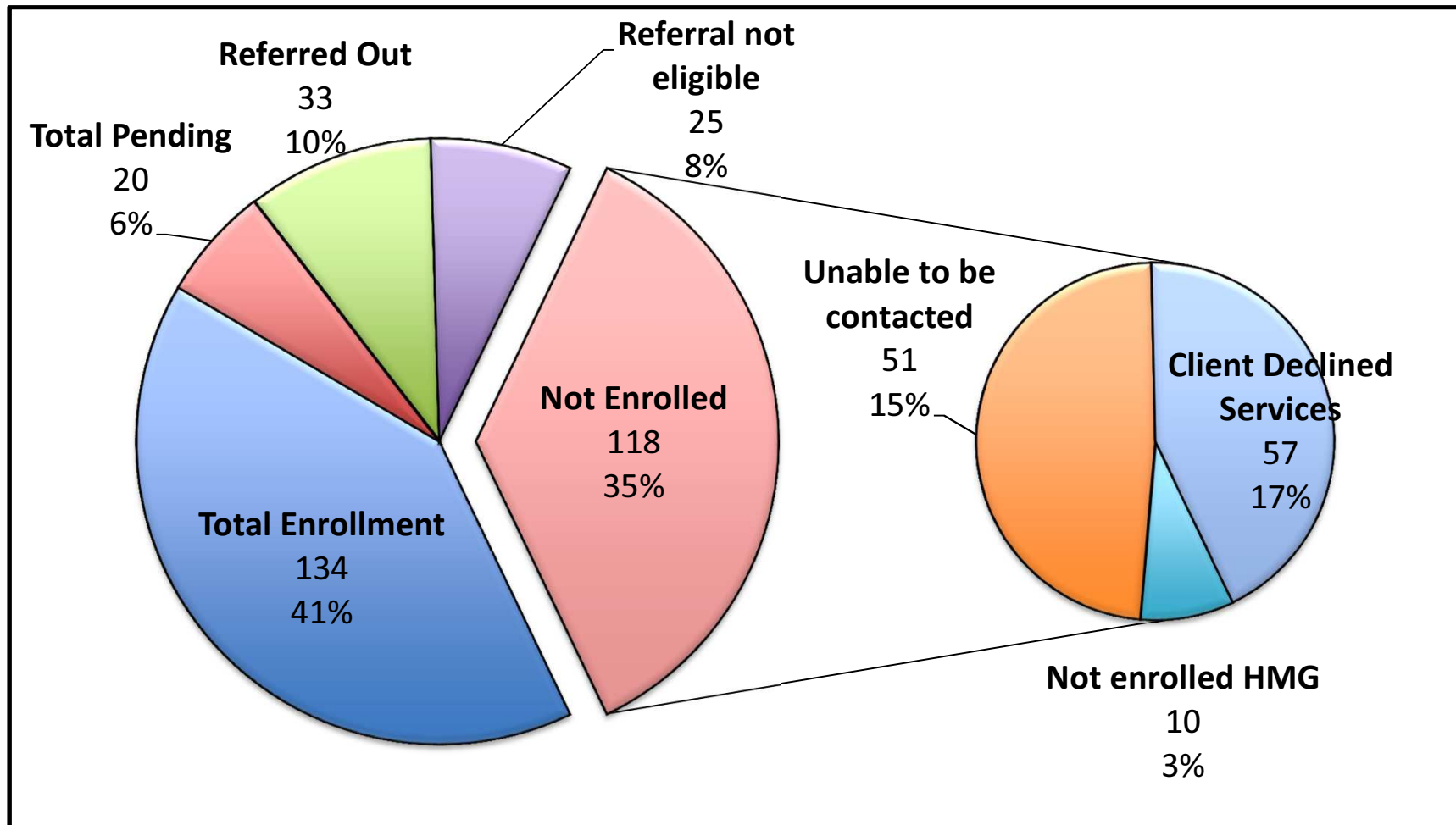
## Referral by Geographic Area





# Referral Outcomes

N= 330

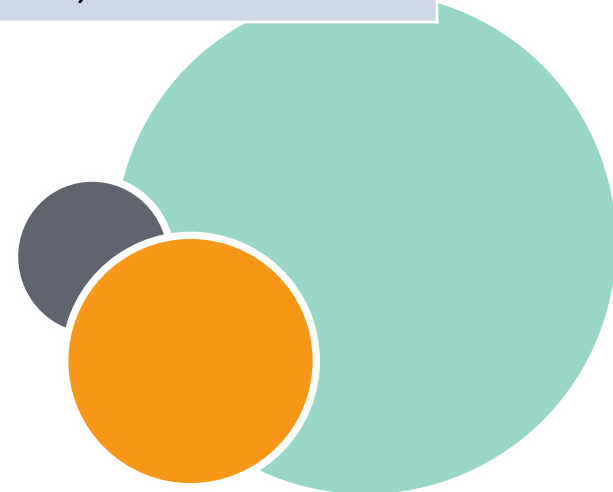


# Birth Outcomes

## April 1- October 25, 2015

Total Number of Births	29 (including 1 set of twins)
Healthy Birth Weight (excluding twins)	20
Low Birth Weight (excluding twins)	6
Preterm Deliveries	6
Infant Death	1 (congenital defect- referred for supportive services)
Twins	34 weeks gestation, 5 lbs. 0 oz., 4 lbs. 9 oz.

\*At this time, birth outcomes are only able to be collected for clients enrolled into Pathways program



# Analysis of Low Birth Weight Births

## Of the 6 moms who delivered babies born Low Birth Weight...

- 5 were African American
- 3 resided in 43608 zip code
- 5 were referred at 28 weeks (3<sup>rd</sup> Trimester), 1 referred at initial
- Average length of time in Pathways program was 7 weeks

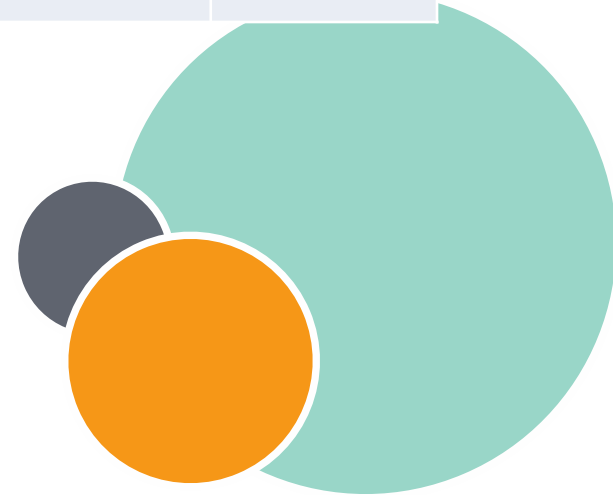
## Top Indicated Reasons for Referral:

- Food (3/6)
- Housing (3/6)
- Mental Health (3/6)
- Transportation (3/6)
- Tobacco Use (2/6)
- Substance Use (2/6)



## Additional Outcomes

	How it's Measured	Attended	Eligible
Postpartum Appointment	Appointment attended 21-56 days after delivery	9	11
Well Baby Visit	Attendance of visit w/ pediatrician	27	28
Reliable Family Planning Method	Family planning method selected and in place at postpartum appointment	5	11
Breastfeeding	Mother breastfeeding at postpartum	5	10



# Success Story

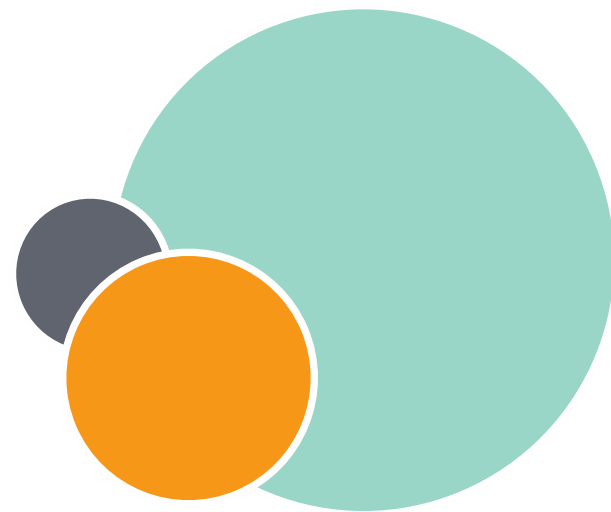
## Meet Kristin

- 31 years old, Caucasian
- Referred to the HUB by her ProMedica provider at 26 weeks for opiate dependence
- Connected to a Community Health Worker at Mercy who specializes in opiate addiction in pregnancy
- Got her a next day appointment with Substance Abuse Services Inc. (SASI)
- Began daily dosing of methadone
- Delivered a 6lb., 15 oz., baby at 39 weeks
- Baby spent no time in the NICU and went home with mom



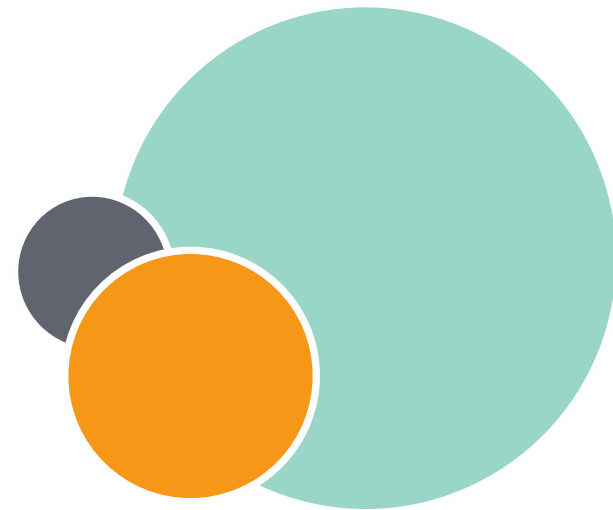


# **Provider's Perspective**



# Next Steps

- Training and implementation of Pediatric Providers
- Implementation of Emergency Departments
- Engaging and Implementing other Healthcare Systems
- Implementation in WIC offices



# Lessons Learned

- Collaboration is the key to success
- Need to identify a local champion
- Need to be flexible- what works in one office may not work in every office







# Discussion

